

# Hamburg Area School District Course Guide

Name:	World Cultures Honors
Grade(s):	10
Length:	Place an X next to the correct option
Х	Full-Year (180 Sessions)
	Semester (90 Sessions)
	Quarter (45 Sessions)
	Other (Specify):
Text:	World History: The Modern Era, Authors: Elisabeth Gaynor Ellis, Anthony Esler; Pearson, copyright 2011
Date Approved or Updated:	2020-2021

Description: This course has the same scope as the World Cultures course. However, the students are expected to connect larger units of material with their conceptual basis. Methods of evaluation will be more challenging as well as a greater range of projects involving research, role playing, oral presentations, writing assignments, and group discussions.

#### Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: The Reformation

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
How did revolts against the Roman Catholic Church affect northern European society?	Categorize the factors that encouraged the Protestant Reformation. Analyze Martin Luther's role in shaping the Protestant Reformation. Appraise the significance of the "95 Theses". Interpret the teachings and impact of John Calvin. Analyze the causes of the "Peasants Revolt".	Indulgences Martin Luther Wittenberg Charles V	8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did the Wars of the Reformation change the political and social maps of Europe?	Analyze the political and social changes that took place because of the Wars of Reformation. Assess the gains and losses of Protestant and Catholic Princes. Appraise the changes in military practice during the Wars of the Reformation.	Diet	7.1.12.B 8.1.1W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did the Reformation bring about two different religious paths in Europe?	Demonstrate the new ideas that Protestantism embraced. Describe where in Europe different sects of Protestantism took hold. Understand why England formed a new church. Analyze how the Catholic Church reformed itself. Explain the role of the Jesuits in the Counter- Reformation. Explain why many groups faced persecution during the Reformation. Describe the Three Pillars of Catholic Reformation.	John Calvin Geneva Theocracy Thomas Cranmer Council of Trent Ignatius of Loyola Teresa of Avila Peace of Westphalia Inquisition	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D

	Analyze the contributions that individuals made	Henry VIII	8.1.W.B
How did individuals from this time period	to society from the Reformation through the	Mary Tudor	8.1.W.C
contribute to the changes to European	Enlightenment period.	Elizabeth Tudor	8.1.W.D
politics, economics, and society?	Compare the contributions of different political		8.4.W.B
(Research Project)	figures from the Reformation through the		
	Enlightenment.		
	Appraise the effects of individuals on European		
	economy from the Reformation through the		
	Enlightenment.		

#### **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: The Scientific Revolution**

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
	Illustrate how new discoveries in astronomy	Nicolas Copernicus	8.4.W.A
How did discoveries in science lead to a	changed the way people viewed the universe.	Heliocentric	8.4.W.C
new way of thinking for Europeans?	Understand the new scientific method and how	Galileo	8.4.W.D
	it developed.	Scientific Method	
	Analyze the contributions that Newton and other	Hypothesis	
	scientists made to the Scientific Revolution.	Calculus	

# Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: Beginnings of the Global Age: Europe, Africa, & Asia

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
	Interpret the European motivation for exploring	Prince Henry	7.1.12.B
How did the search for spices lead to	the seas.	Cartographer	7.3.12.C
global exploration	Appraise advances in maritime technology.	Circumnavigate	7.3.12.D
	Analyze early Portuguese and Spanish	Vasco Da Gama	8.4.W.A
	exploration.		8.4.W.B
	Compare European searches for a direct route to		
	Asia.		
	Examine how the Portuguese established	Mombasa	7.1.12.B
What effects did European exploration	footholds on Africa's coast.	Malindi	8.4.W.A
have on the people of Africa?	Analyze how European actions affected the	Plantation	8.4.W.D
	slave trade and the rise of African states.	Affonso I	
	Explain how the European presence in Africa	Asante kingdom	
	expanded.	Osei Tutu	
	-	Oyo Empire	
		Cape Town	
		Boers	

	Examine how Portugal built a trading empire in	Afonso de Albuquerque	7.1.12.B
How did European nations build empires	South and Southeast Asia.	Mughal empire	8.4.W.A
in South and Southeast Asia?	Analyze the rise of Dutch and Spanish	Goa	8.4.W.D
	dominance in the region.	Malacca	
	Demonstrate how the decline of Mughal India	Outpost	
	affected European traders in the region.	Dutch East India Company	
		Sovereign	
		Philippines	
		Sepoys	
	Analyze the contact between Europe and Ming	Macao	7.1.12.B
How were European encounters in East	China.	Guangzhou	8.4.W.A
Asia shaped by the worldviews of both	Appraise the Manchu conquest and its impact	Matteo Ricci	8.4.W.D
Europeans and Asians?	on European trade.	Manchus	
	Analyze the factors that led Korea to isolate	Qing	
	itself from other nations.	Qianlong	
	Summarize Japan's attitudes toward foreign	Lord MacCartney	
	trade and how they changed.	Nagasaki	

# Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: Beginnings of the Global Age: Europe and the Americas

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
	Analyze the results of the first encounters	Conquistador	7.1.12.B
	between the Spanish and Native Americans.	Immunity	8.4.W.A
How did a small number of Spanish	Explain how Cortés and Pizarro gained control	Hernan Cortes	8.4.W.D
conquistadors conquer huge Native	of the Aztec and Incan empires.	Tenochtitlan	
American empires?	Demonstrate the short-term and long-term	Malinche	
	effects of the Spanish on the peoples of the	Alliance	
	Americas.	Moctezuma	

		Francisco Pizarro	
How did Spain and Portugal build colonies in the Americas?	Appraise how Spain ruled its empire in the Americas. Analyze the major features of Spanish colonial society and culture. Illustrate how Portugal and other European nations challenged Spanish power.	Viceroy Encomienda Bartolome de Las Casas Peon Peninsular Creole Mestizo Mulatto Privateer	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.D
How did European struggles for power shape the North American continent?	Analyze why the colony of New France grew slowly. Compare the establishment and growth of the 13 English Colonies with New France. Interpret the reasons why Europeans competed for power in North America and how their struggle affected Native Americans.	New France Revenue Pilgrims Compact French and Indian War Treaty of Paris	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.D
How did the Atlantic slave trade shape the lives and economies of Africans and Europeans?	Illustrate how Triangular Trade worked. Describe the nature of the Middle Passage and describe its effects. Analyze the impact of the Atlantic slave trade on Africa, Europe, and the Americas.	Olaudah Equiano Triangular Trade Middle Passage Mutiny	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.D
How did the voyages of European Explorers lead to new economic systems in Europe and its colonies?	Appraise how European exploration led to the Columbian Exchange. Analyze the commercial revolution. Understand the impact that mercantilism had on European and colonial economies.	Columbian Exchange Inflation Price Revolution Capitalism Entrepreneur Mercantilism Tariff	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C

# **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: Age of Absolutism**

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
How did Philip II extend Spain's power and help establish a golden age?	Examine the empire that Charles V inherited. Analyze how Spanish power increased under Philip II. Explain how the arts flourished during Spain's golden age.	Hapsburg Empire Charles V Philip II Absolute Monarch Divine Right Armada El Greco Miguel de Cervantes	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.D
How did France become the leading power of Europe under the absolute rule of Louis XIV?	Analyze how Henry IV rebuilt France after the wars of religion. Examine how Louis XIV became an absolute monarch. Appraise how Versailles was a symbol of royal power. Compare and contrast Louis XIV's successes and failures.	Huguenots Henry IV Edict of Nantes Cardinal Richelieu Louis XIV Intendant Jean-Baptist Colbert Versailles Levee Balance of Power	8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did the British Parliament assert its rights against royal claims to absolute power in the 1600s?	Analyze the Tudor monarchs' relations with Parliament. Analyze how clashes between the Stuarts and Parliament ushered in a century of revolution. Illustrate how the English Civil War and the development of the Commonwealth led to the Glorious Revolution. Examine the development of English constitutional government.	James I Dissenter Puritans Charles I Oliver Cromwell English Bill of Rights Limited Monarchy Constitutional Government Cabinet Oligarchy	8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did the two great empires of Austria and Prussia emerge from the Thirty Years' War and subsequent events?	Identify the causes and results of the Thirty Years' War. Appraise how Austria and Prussia became great powers. Demonstrate how European nations tried to maintain a balance of power.	Elector Ferdinand Mercenary Depopulation Peace of Westphalia Maria Theresa	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D

		War of the Austrian Succession Prussia Frederick William I Frederick II	
How did Peter the Great and Catherine the Great strengthen Russia and expand its territory?	Interpret the steps taken by Peter the Great to make Russia a modern state. Categorize the steps Peter took to expand Russia's border. Describe how Catherine the Great strengthened Russia.	Peter the Great Westernization Autocratic Boyar Warm-water port St. Petersburg Catherine the Great Partition	7.1.12.B 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D

#### **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: The Enlightenment**

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
What effects did Enlightenment philosophers have on government and society?	Analyze how science led to the Enlightenment. Compare the ideas of Hobbes and Locke. Examine the beliefs and contributions of the <i>philisophes</i> . Appraise how economic thinking changed during this time.	Natural Law Thomas Hobbes John Locke Social Contract Natural Right Philosophe Montesquieu Voltaire Diderot Rousseau Laissez faire Adam Smith	8.1.12.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.B 8.4.W.C

	Identify the roles that censorship and salons	Censorship	8.1.W.A
As Enlightenment ideas spread across	played in the spread of new ideas.	Salons	8.4.W.A
Europe, what cultural and political changes	Interpret how the Enlightenment affected the	Baroque	8.4.W.B
took place?	arts and literature.	Rococo	8.4.W.C
	Appraise how philisophes influenced	Enlightened Despot	
	enlightened despots.	Frederick the Great	
	Analyze why Enlightenment ideas were slow to	Catherine the Great	
	reach most Europeans.	Joseph II	
Enlightenment Poster Project	Identify the important individuals of the		8.1.W.B
	Enlightenment.		8.1.W.C
	Outline their backgrounds.		8.1.W.D
	Analyze their social, political, and/or economic		8.4.W.A
	contributions.		

#### **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: French Revolution and Napoleon**

Essential Content/Essential Questions	<b>Performance Objectives</b>	Volume	Standards/Anchors
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	Categorize the social divisions of France's old	Ancient regime	7.1.12.B
What led to the Storming of the Bastille,	order.	Estate	8.1.W.A
and therefore, to the start of the French	Analyze the reasons for France's economic	Bourgeoisie	8.4.W.A
Revolution?	troubles in 1789.	Deficit spending	8.4.W.C
	Explain why Louis XVI called the Estates-	Louis XVI	8.4.W.D
	General.	Jacques Necker	
	Summarize the result of the assembly of the	Estates-General	
	Estates-General.	Cahier	
	Examine why Parisians stormed the Bastille.	Tennis Court Oath	
		Bastille	
	Explain how the political crisis of 1789 led to	Faction	8.4.W.A
What political and social reforms did the	popular revolts.	Marquis de Lafayette	8.4.W.C
National Assembly institute in the first	Categorize the moderate reforms enacted by the	Olympe de Gouges	8.4.W.D
stage of the French Revolution?	National Assembly in August 1789.	Marie Antoinette	
	Analyze additional actions taken by the National	Émigré	
	Assembly as it pressed onward.	Sans-culotte	
	Analyze why there was a mixed reaction around	Republic	
	Europe to the events unfolding in France.	Jacobins	
	Understand how and why radicals abolished the	Suffrage	8.1.W.A
What events occurred during the radical	monarchy.	Robespierre	8.4.W.A
phase of the French Revolution?	Appraise why the Committee of Public Safety	Reign of Terror	8.4.W.C
1	was created and why the Reign of Terror	Guillotine	8.4.W.D
	resulted.	Napoleon	
	Demonstrate how the excesses of the	Nationalism	
	Convention led to the formation of the	Marseilles	
	Directory.		
	Analyze how the French people were affected		
	by the changes brought about by the revolution		
	Examine Napoleon's rise to power and why the	Plebiscite	7.3.12.B
What affect did Napoleon's rise and fall	French strongly supported him.	Napoleonic Code	8.1.W.A
from power impact Europe and the world	Analyze how Napoleon built an empire.	Annex	8.4.W.A
during and since the Napoleonic Era?	Identify the challenges Napoleon's empire	Continental System	8.4.W.C
and blief the ruppleonie Diu.	faced.	Guerrilla Warfare	8.4.W.D
	Analyze the events that led to Napoleon's	Scorched-earth policy	
	downfall.	Abdicate	
	Outline how the Congress of Vienna tried to	Congress of Vienna	
	create a lasting peace.	Legitimacy	
	ereute a lasting peace.	Concert of Europe	
		Concert of Europe	

#### **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: The Industrial Revolution**

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
What events helped bring about the Industrial Revolution?	Analyze why life changed as industry spread. Demonstrate how an agricultural revolution led to the growth of industry. Categorize the new technologies that helped trigger the Industrial Revolution.	Anesthetic Enclosure James Watt smelt	7.1.12.B 7.3.12.C 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
What key factors allowed Britain to lead the way in the Industrial Revolution?	Identify why Britain was the starting point for the Industrial Revolution. Illustrate the changes that transformed the textile industry. Analyze the significance of the Industrial Revolution.	Capital Enterprise Entrepreneur Putting-out system Eli Whitney Turnpike Liverpool Manchester	7.3.12.D 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
What were the social effects of the Industrial Revolution?	Explain what caused urbanization and what life was like in the new industrial cities. Compare and contrast the industrial working class and the new middle class. Analyze how the factory system and mines changed the way people worked. Appraise the benefits and challenges of industrialization.	Urbanization Tenement Labor Union	8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.B 8.4.W.D
What new ideas about economics and society were fostered as a result of the Industrial Revolution?	Recognize laissez-faire economics and the beliefs of those who supported it. Describe the doctrine of utilitarianism. Analyze the theories of socialism. Explain Marx's views of the working class and the response to Marxism.	Thomas Malthus Jeremy Bentham Utilitarianism Socialism Means of production Robert Owen Karl Marx Communism Proletariat	5.1.12.A 5.2.12.A 5.3.12.K 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.D

	Social democracy	

#### **Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: Nationalism & Imperialism**

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Vocabulary	Standards/Anchors
How did Otto von Bismarck, the Chancellor of Prussia, lead the drive for German unity?	Identify several events that promoted German unity during the early 1800s. Analyze how Bismarck unified Germany. Examine the basic political organization of the new German empire.	Otto von Bismarck Chancellor Realpolitik Annex Kaiser Reich	7.1.12.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did Germany increase its power after unifying in 1871?	Describe how Germany became an industrial giant. Interpret the reasons why Bismarck was called the Iron Chancellor. Categorize the policies of Kaiser Wilhelm II.	Kulturkampf William II Social Welfare	8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.B
How did Western nations come to dominate much of the world in the late 1800s?	Analyze the causes of the "new imperialism." Demonstrate how Western imperialism spread so rapidly. Examine how imperial governments ruled their empires.	Imperialism Protectorate Sphere of influence	7.1.12.A 7.3.12.B 7.3.12.D 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A

How did imperialist European powers claim control over most of Africa by the end of the 1800s?	Analyze the forces that shaped Africa. Explain why European contact with Africa increased during the 1800s. Demonstrate how Leopold II started a scramble for colonies. Analyze how Africans resisted imperialism.	Usman dan Fodio Shaka Paternalistic David Livingstone Henry Stanley King Leopold II Boer War Samori Toure Yaa Asantewaa Nehanda Menelik II Elite	7.1.12.A 7.3.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A
How did Western powers use diplomacy and war to gain power in Qing China?	Describe what trade rights Westerners sought in China. Analyze the internal problems Chinese reformers tried to solve. Illustrate how the Qing dynasty fell.	Balance of Trade Trade Surplus Trade Deficit Opium War Indemnity Extraterritoriality Taiping Rebellion Sino-Japanese War Open Door Policy Guang Xu Boxer Uprising Sun Yixian	7.1.12.A 7.3.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A

**Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: World War I** 

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives		Standards/Anchors
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	Describe how international rivalries and	Entente	7.1.12.B
Why and how did World War I begin in	nationalism pushed Europe toward war.	Militarism	8.1.W.A
1914?		Alsace and Lorraine	8.1.W.C
1914?	Explain how the assassination in Sarajevo led to		
	the start of World War I.	Ultimatum	8.4.W.A
	Analyze the causes and effects of the European	Mobilize	8.4.W.C
	alliance system.	Neutrality	
	Analyze the reasons a stalemate developed on	Stalemate	7.1.12.B
How and where was World War I fought?	the Western Front.	Zeppelin	7.3.12.B
	Illustrate how technology made World War I	U-Boat	8.1.W.A
	different from earlier wars.	Convoy	8.4.W.A
	Outline the course of the war on the Eastern	Dardanelles	8.4.W.C
	Front, in other parts of Europe, in Turkey, and	T. E. Lawrence	8.4.W.D
	in the Middle East.		
	Describe how colonies fought in the war.		
	Appraise how World War I became a total war.	Total War	8.1.W.A
How did the Allies win World War I?	Analyze the effect that years of warfare had on	Conscription	8.4.W.A
	morale.	Contraband	8.4.W.C
	Examine the causes and effects of American	Lusitania	8.4.W.D
	entry into the war.	Propaganda	0.1
	Categorize events that led to the end of the war.	Atrocity	
	Categorize events that led to the end of the war.	Fourteen Points	
		Self-Determination	
		Armistice	
	Analyze the costs of World War I.	Pandemic	8.1.W.A
What factors influenced the needs treation	5		8.1.W.B
What factors influenced the peace treaties	Interpret the issues faced by the delegates to the	Reparations	-
that ended World War I, and how did	Paris Peace Conference.	Radicals	8.4.W.A
people react to them.	Explain why many people were dissatisfied with	Collective Security	8.4.W.C
	the Treaty of Versailles and other peace	Mandate	8.4.W.D
	settlements.		
	Explain the causes of the March Revolution.	Proletariat	8.1.W.A
How did two revolutions and a civil war	Analyze the goals of Lenin and the Bolsheviks	Soviet	8.4.W.A
bring about Communist control of Russia?	in the November Revolution.	Cheka	8.4.W.C
	Examine how the Communists defeated their	Commissar	8.4.W.D
	opponents in Russia's civil war.		
	Analyze how the Communist state developed		
	under Lenin.		
	under Lenni.		

# Course Name: World Cultures Honors Unit: Postwar Nationalism and Totalitarianism

Essential Content/Essential Questions	Performance Objectives		Standards/Anchors
How did Nationalism contribute to changes in Africa and the Middle East following World War I?	Describe how Africans resisted colonial rule. Analyze how nationalism grew in Africa. Interpret how Turkey and Persia Modernized. Appraise how European mandates contributed to the growth of Arab Nationalism. Examine the roots of conflict between Jews and Arabs in the Palestinian mandate.	Apartheid Pan-Africanism Negritude Movement Asia Minor Pan-Arabism Balfour Declaration	7.1.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did China cope with internal division and foreign invasion in the early 1900s?	Explain the key challenges faced by the Chinese Republic in the early 1900s. Analyze the struggle between two rival parties as they fought to control China. Describe how invasion by Japan affected China.	Twenty-One Demands May Fourth Movement Vanguard Guomindang Long March	7.1.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
What political and economic challenges did the leading democracies face in the 1920s and 1930s?	Summarize the domestic and foreign policy issues Europe faced after World War I. Compare the postwar economic situation in Britain, France, and the United States. Analyze how the Great Depression began and spread and how Britain, France, and the United States tried to address it.	Maginot Line Kellogg-Briand Pact Disarmament General Strike Overproduction Finance Federal Reserve Great Depression Franklin D. Roosevelt New Deal	7.1.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D
How did Stalin transform the Soviet Union into a totalitarian state?	Appraise the effects of Stalin's five year plans. Illustrate how Stalin tried to control how people thought in the Soviet Union. Categorize communist changes to Soviet society. Outline Soviet foreign policy under Stalin.	Command Economy Collectives Kulaks Gulag Socialist Realism Russification Atheism Comintern	7.1.12.B 8.1.W.A 8.4.W.A 8.4.W.C 8.4.W.D

	Analyze the problems faced by the Weimar	Chancellor	7.1.12.B
How did Hitler and the Nazi party	Republic.	Ruhr Valley	8.1.W.A
establish and maintain a totalitarian	Categorize the Nazi party's political, social,	Third Reich	8.4.W.A
government in Germany?	economic, and cultural policies.	Gestapo	8.4.W.C
	Summarize the rise of authoritarian rule in	Nuremberg Laws	8.4.W.D
	Eastern Europe in the 1920s and 1930s.	-	