Effective Date: 2016-2017 School Year

Hamburg Area School District

Name of Course: Art History Department: Social Studies

Texts and Resources: Discovering Art History: 4th Edition Grade Level: 11th and 12th Instructional Time: 15 Cycles Length of Course: 1 Semesters Period Per Cycle: 6 Periods Length of Period: 43 Minutes

Assessments: Tests/Quizzes Oral Presentations Written Assignments Paper based projects Technology based projects

Course Name: Art History

Unit:

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
What is art? Why do human beings create art? How and why has this remained constant throughout human history?	Students will be able to identify and analyze art as a unique form of human expression. Students will understand the basic reasons for why humans create art and what constitutes subject matter.	8.1.12.D	Artwork, Subject Matter, Aesthetics, Content, Architecture
How do the economic, political, and social factors of a civilization impact the artwork that they create? How have these factors changed throughout Western History?	Students will be able to identify and analyze art as being a reflection of the society that produces it; thus it provides insight into the political, economic, and social factors of the time period that produces it.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A.	Historical Context, Western Civilization
What are some different styles of artwork? What are some of the major components of form, color, and subject matter? How has this changed throughout history?	Students will be able to identify and analyze different forms of art such as paintings and sculptures. Students will also be able to identify three of the major ways of identifying paintings; color, and brushstyle.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B.	Artwork Form, Sculpture, Oil Paint, Tempura Paint, Fresco, Mosaic, Primary Colors, Secondary Colors, Color Hue

Course Name: Art History Unit: Beginnings of Western Art/ Ancient Western Art

Performance Objectives Essential Content/ Essential Ouestions Vocabulary Standards Lascaux Cave Paintings, How did art begin the Western World? Students will be able to identify and analyze the 8.1.12.A Primitive Art How does it reflect on these pre-civilization lifestyles of early humans by studying cave 8.1.U.A. 8.1.12.B drawings. cultures? 8.1.U.B 8.4.9.B 8.4.W.B Polytheism, Paganism, How did the religious belief system of the 8.1.12.A Students will be able to identify and analyze how Columns, Arches, City-States, ancient Greeks and Romans effect art in the religious views of the Ancient Greeks and 8.1.U.A Legions, Plebeians, Patricians, 8.1.12.B their society? Romans effected how they viewed human beings Romance Language, Pax and influenced their art. 8.1.U.B. Romana 8.4.9.A 8.4.W.A. Barbarians, The Dark Ages, How did the Barbarian invasions and the fall Students will be able to identify and analyze the 8.1.12.A Monotheism of Rome effect artwork in the Western causes of the fall of Rome and how it influenced 8.1.U.A. 8.1.12.C World? art in the Western World. 8.1.U.C 8.4.9.C 8.4.W.C. 8.4.9.D

Course Name: Art History Unit: Religious Art

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
What role did the Catholic Church play in the development of art in the West during the Dark Ages? How and why did the Byzantium Empire continue to produce sophisticated artwork?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the Catholic Church as being the main sponsor of art during the Middle Ages.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A. 8.1.12.C 8.1.U.C 8.4.9.A 8.4.W.A. 8.4.9.C 8.4.W.C 8.4.9.D	The Catholic Church, Christianity, Byzantium Empire, Tessarae, Illumination, Vellum, Feudalism, Serf,
Why are cathedrals and castles such impressive feats of architecture? What specific elements does this "Gothic" style entail?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the steps undertaken and the general engineering process of castle and cathedral construction	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B. 8.4.9.B 8.4.W.B	Medieval, Gothic, Stained Glass, Flying Buttress, Gargoyle, Grotesque
What are some of the prominent castles and cathedrals located in Europe today? Why do modern civilizations view these buildings with such pride?	Students will be able to identify some of the major cathedrals and castles of Europe. For example Norte Dame, St. Paul's, and the Basilica di Santa Maria.	8.1.12.B 8.1.W.B 8.4.9.B 8.4.W.B	Monastic, Romanesque,

Course Name: Art History Unit: The Renaissance

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
What social, cultural, and political changes led to the Italian Renaissance? How did these revolutions translate to the type of art produced?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the wool trade and sea trade as leading to economic changes in both Venice and Florence. These economic changes led to an increase in artistic activity in both Italian cities.	0.1.12.A	Renaissance, High Renaissance, the Crusades, Humanism, the Humanities
How was the artwork of the Renaissance different from previous generations? What inventions and discoveries allowed for these changes?	Students will able to identify and analyze the differences between artwork of the Italian Renaissance and the artwork of the Middle Ages.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A 8.4.12.C 8.4.W.C. 8.4.12.D	Tempura, Contraposto, Camera Obscura, Anatomy, the Printing Press
Who were some of the major artists and what were some of the major pieces of artwork from the Italian Renaissance?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the art of Michelangelo, Da Vinici, and Raphael. Students will also be able to identify and analyze the differences between the Venetian and Florentine styles of painting.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B 8.1.12.D 8.1.U.D 8.4.12.A	Oil Painting, Sfumato, Linear Perspective, Chiaroscuro,
How did the Italian Renaissance have an impact on the rest of Europe? How will this "Northern" Renaissance be both similar and different artistically from the Italian Renaissance?	Students will be able to identify and analyze how the ideas of the Italian Renaissance eventually spread throughout Europe and had a direct link to the Enlightenment. Students will be able to analyze the major artistic style of the Northern Renaissance.	8.1.12.A 8.1.12.C 8.1.U.C 8.4.12.C 8.4.12.D	Northern Renaissance, Mannerism, The Reformation, 95 Thesis

Course Name: Art History Unit: Baroque and Rococo

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
How did the style of painting change in the 17 th Century in Europe? What social, political, and economic factors	Students will be able to identify and analyze the social and political trends that caused a shift in art styles from the 16 th to 17 th Centuries.	8.1.12.A 8.1.12.C 8.4.12.C 8.4.12.D	Baroque Era, The Palace of Versailles, The Hall of Mirrors
Who are some of the famous Artists of the Baroque period? How are they both similar and different from other artists we have previously studied?	Students will be able to identify and analyze artists such as Rembrandt, Caravaggio, and Reuben.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B 8.4.12.A 8.4.W.A	Tenebrism, Patrons, Realism, Symbolism
Who are some of the famous Artists of the Rococo Period? How are they both similar and different from other artists we have previously studied?	Students will be able to identify and analyze artists such as Boucher, Fragonard, Watteau, Gainsborough, and Reynolds.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B 8.1.12.D 8.1.U.D 8.4.12.A 8.4.W.A	Rococo Era, Chateaux, Baldachin, Pavilions, Stucco
What social factors in France led to the development of the high Rococo style? What makes this particular artistic movement so different from others we have seen?	Students will be able to identify and analyze Rococo style as developing out of the social attitudes of the aristocracy in the France of Louis XIV.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A 8.4.12.C 8.4.W.C 8.4.12.D	High Rococo, Fete Galante, Elegant Entertainment, aristocrats

Course Name: Art History

Unit: Neo-Classicism and Romanticism

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
How did the evolution of art in France foreshadow the French Revolution? What social, economic, and political factors caused this Revolution? How does it clearly reflect the values of the ancient period?	Students will be able to identify and analyze how the shift from Rococo to Neo-classical showed the growing class struggle evolving inside of France.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A. 8.1.12.C 8.1.U.C 8.4.12.C 8.4.W.C 8.4.12.D	The Estates General, 1 st Estate, 2 nd Estate, 3 rd Estate, Tennis-Court Oath, National Assembly, Constitutional Monarchy, Republic, The Directory
What are some of the major differences between the Neo-classical style and the Romantic style? How did each movement differ in terms of style and subject matter?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the major differences in the brushwork, color styles, and subject matter of Romanticism and Neo- classicism.	8.1.12.B	Neoclassical, Romantic, Allegorical, Realism
Who were some of the main artists of the Neo-classical and Romantic styles? How are they both similar and different from other artists we have previously studied?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the work of artists such as David, Ingres, Delacroix, Friedrich, Gericault, Turner, and Goya.	8.1.12.B 8.4.12.A	Expressionism

Unit: Impressionism, Post-Impressionism, and the Emergence of Modern Art

Essential Content/ Essential Questions	Performance Objectives	Standards	Vocabulary
What are some of the major characteristics of Impressionism? Why is this artwork the first to be considered "avant garde?"	Students will be able to identify and analyze the style, color, and subject matter of the Impressionists and the Post-Impressionists.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B	Impressionism, Post- Impressionism, Modern Art,
Who are some of the major artists associated with the Impressionist and Post- Impressionist Era? How are they both similar and different from other artists we have previously studied?	Students will be able to identify and analyze the artwork of Monet, Manet, Renoir, Degas, Van Gogh, Seurat, Cezanne, Gauguin, and Picasso.	8.1.12.B 8.1.U.B 8.4.12.A 8.4.W.A	Pontillism, Abstract- Expressionism, Primitive Art
How did Impressionism and Post- Impressionism help lead to the emergence of Modern Art? What makes these particular artistic movements so different from others we have seen?	Students will be able to identify and analyze how Impression and Post-Impressionism mark a huge shift in art and help shape the world of modern art.	8.1.12.A 8.1.U.A. 8.4.12.C 8.4.W.C 8.4.12.D	Non-representational, Optical Mixing



Subject Area - 8: History

8.4.8.D:

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8.4.9.D:

Compare conflict and Analyze how conflict Evaluate how conflict and

Standard Area - 8.4: World History

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See Grades PK - 3 See Grades 3 - 8	GRADE 8	GRADE 9	GRADE 12	CIVICS & GOVERNMENT	US HISTORY 1850- PRESENT	WORLD HISTORY 1450-PRESENT
Contributions from Individuals and Groups (World)	groups and individuals played in the social, political, cultural, and economic development	8.4.9.A: Compare the role groups and individuals played in the social, political, cultural, and economic development throughout world history.	8.4.12.A: Evaluate the role groups and individuals played in the social, political, cultural, and economic development throughout world history.	Evaluate critical issues in various contemporary governments. (Reference Civics and Government Standard 5.3.12.J.) Evaluate the effectiveness of various international organizations, both governmental and non-governmental. (Reference Civics and Government Standard 5.4.12.C.) 8.4.C.B:	8.4.U.A: Intentionally Blank	8.4.W.A: Evaluate the role groups and individuals played in the social, political, cultural, and economic development throughout world history.
Artifacts and	8.4.8.B: Illustrate how historical documents , artifacts, and sites are critical to world history.	8.4.9.B: Contrast the importance of historical documents, artifacts, and sites which are critical to world history.	8.4.12.B: Evaluate the importance of historical documents , artifacts , and sites which are critical to world history.	Compare and contrast the basic principles and ideals found in significant documents: • Declaration of Independence • United States Constitution (Reference Civics and Government Standard 5.1.9.D.)	<u>8.4.U.B:</u> Intentionally Blank	8.4.W.B: Evaluate the importance of historical documents, artifacts, and sites which are critical to world history.
Impact of Continuity and Change (World)	 8.4.8.C: Illustrate how continuity and change have impacted world history. Belief systems and religions Commerce and industry Technology Politics and government Physical and human geography Social organizations 	 8.4.9.C: Analyze how continuity and change have impacted world history. Belief systems and religions Commerce and industry Technology Politics and government Physical and human geography. Social organization 	 8.4.12.C: Evaluate how continuity and change have impacted the world today. Belief systems and religions Commerce and industry Technology Politics and government Physical and human geography Social organization 	8.4.C.C: Evaluate critical issues in various contemporary governments. (Reference Civics and Government standard 5.3.12.J.) Employ historical examples and political philosophy to evaluate major arguments advanced for the necessity of government. (Reference Civics and Government Standard 5.1.12.B)	8.4.U.C: Intentionally Blank	 8.4.W.C: Evaluate how continuity and change have impacted the world today. Belief systems and religions Commerce and industyy Technology Politics and government Physical and human geography Social organization
	8.4.8.D:	8.4.9.D:	8.4.12.D:	8.4.C.D: Analyze strategies used to		8.4.W.D:

resolve conflicts in society and government. (Reference Civics

A ..

8.4.12.D:

Evaluate how conflict and cooperation among groups and

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Subject Area - 8: History

Standard Area - 8.1: Historical Analysis and Skills Development

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<u>PDFPrint</u> See Grades			
PK - 3 See Grades 3 - 8		GRADE 9	GR
	8.1.8.A: Compare and	<u>8.1.9.A:</u>	<u>8.1.</u>
Continuity and Change over Time	contrast events over time and how continuity and change over time influenced those events.	Compare patterns of continuity and change over time, applying context of events.	Eva cont char con
		<u>8.1.9.B:</u>	<u>8.1</u> .
	8.1.8.B: Compare and contrast a f historical event, using multiple points of view from primary and secondary sources.	Compare the interpretation of historical events and sour ces, considering the use of fact versus opinion, multiple perspectives, and cause and effect relationships.	Eva of h sou use mult caus relat

8.1.9.C:

historical topic using a

thesis statement and

demonstrate use of

and secondary

appropriate primary

sources. (Reference

8.1.8.C:

Produce an organized product on an assigned historical topic that presents and reflects on a Research thesis statement and appropriate primary and secondary sources. (Reference RWSL Standard 1.8.8 Research) Research) ADE 12 .12.A:

> 8.1.C.A: aluate patterns of ntinuity and rates of Blank ange over time, applying ntext of events.

.12.B:

arguments aluate the interpretation historical events and urces, considering the of fact versus opinion. iltiple perspectives, and ise and effect ationships.

8.1.12.C: Analyze, Construct research on a synthesize, and integrate historical data, creating a product that supports and 8.1.C.C: appropriately illustrates Intentionally inferences and conclusions Blank drawn from research. (Reference RWSL Standard RWSL Standard 1.8.8 1.8.11 Research)

CIVICS & US HISTORY 1850-GOVERNMENT PRESENT 8.1.U.A:

Evaluate patterns of Intentionally continuity and change over time, applying context of events.

8.1.C.B: Analyze 8.1.U.B: the major

Standard

5.1.9.B.)

Evaluate the interpretation advanced for of historical events and different systems sources, considering the of government. use of fact versus opinion, (Reference Civics multiple perspectives, and and Government cause and effect relationships.

> 8.1.U.C: Analyze, synthesize and integrate historical data, creating a product that supports and appropriately illustrates inferences and conclusions drawn from research. (Reference RWSL Standard 1.8.11 Research) RWSL Standard 1.8.8

1450-PRESENT 8.1.W.A: Evaluate patterns of

WORLD HISTORY

continuity and change over time, applying context of events. 8.1.W.B:

Evaluate the interpretation of historical events and sources, considering the use of fact versus opinion, multiple perspectives, and cause and effect relationships.

8.1.W.C:

Construct research on a historical topic using a thesis statement and demonstrate use of appropriate primary and secondary sources. (Reference Research)